

Issam Algo

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ICT POWER OF THREE

Accumulation / Manipulation / Distribution

A Practical Illustrated Guide



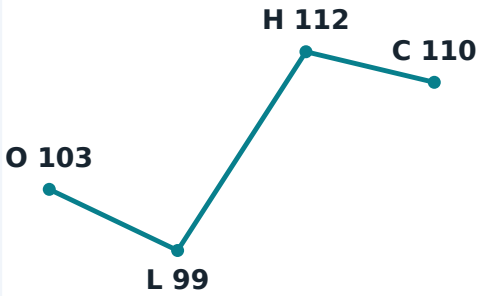
ISSAM KASSAS

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A candle hides the path

A candle gives four prices: open, high, low and close. It does not tell you whether the high or the low happened first.

LOW FIRST



HIGH FIRST



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Both paths have O 103, H 112, L 99 and C 110. Only the left path goes to the low before the high. These are possible paths, not recorded tick data.

The body joins open and close; the wick reaches the extremes. Teal bodies in this book close above their open. Coral outline bodies close below it.

Power of Three is about a proposed **sequence inside a period**. An attractive completed candle cannot prove that the phases occurred in the required order.

Read the smaller candles chronologically. If their data still leave the event order unknown, mark the example ambiguous rather than inventing a favourable path.

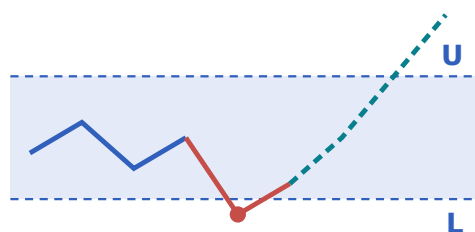
COMMON MISTAKE

Looking at a large bullish candle and assuming you could have bought its low before the rise.

Bullish and bearish versions

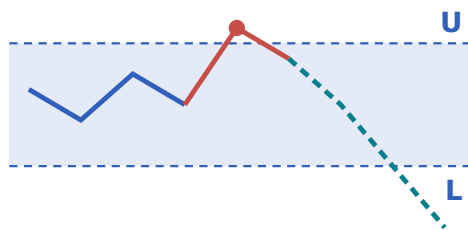
The same three-part idea can face either direction. Begin with a range, watch an excursion on one side, then look for an expansion toward the other side.

BULLISH CANDIDATE



Below, then potentially up

BEARISH CANDIDATE



Above, then potentially down

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Solid lines show the range and excursion. Dashed lines show possible later expansion. A return into the range alone does not guarantee that expansion.

Bullish candidate: an excursion below the range is followed by a reclaim; later price may expand upward.

Bearish candidate: an excursion above the range is followed by a return; later price may expand downward.

This book's complete numeric method studies only the bullish version. The bearish sketch teaches recognition; it does not define a second trading method. If both sides are crossed before a clear decision, our exercise cancels.

COMMON MISTAKE

Choosing the direction after seeing which side eventually wins, then calling that choice an earlier bias.